Notes on the Greek New Testament Day 189 – July 8th – Acts 26:1-32

Works frequently referenced in these notes on Acts

Bruce, FF, The Acts of the Apostles, London, 2nd ed. 1952

Polhill, John B, Acts: The New American Commentary, Nashville, 1992

Stott, John R W, The Message of Acts, IVP (The Bible Speaks Today), Leicester, 1990

Verse 1

Αγρίππας δὲ πρὸς τὸν Παῦλον ἔφη· Ἐπιτρέπεταί σοι ὑπὲρ σεαυτοῦ λέγειν. τότε ὁ Παῦλος ἐκτείνας τὴν χεῖρα ἀπελογεῖτο·

"The testimony before Agrippa was the fulfilment of Jesus' commission to Paul that he would witness before kings (Acts 9:15) and of his promise to his disciples that he would give them 'words and wisdom' to make that witness a bold one (Luke 21:12-15)." Polhill

ἔφη Verb, imperf act ind, 3s φημι say ἐπιτρεπω let, allow, permit σεαυτου, ης reflexive pronoun yourself τοτε then, at that time ἐκτεινω stretch out, extend χειρ, χειρος f hand, power

Bruce suggests that this may have been a salute of respect.

ἀπολογεομαι speak in one's own behalf, defend oneself

Bruce comments, "Of all Paul's speeches in Acts, this may best claim to be regarded as his *Apologia pro Vita Sua*. The speech (vv. 2-23) may be divided thus:

- i) Exordium (vv. 2f):
- ii) As a Pharisee, he stands for the hope of Israel, which includes a belief in the resurrection (vv. 4-8);
- iii) He recalls his persecuting zeal (vv. 9-11);
- iv) The heavenly vision (vv. 12-18);
- v) His preaching activity in obedience thereto (vv. 19f.);
- vi) His arrest (ver 21);
- vii) The substance of his preaching (vv. 22f.)."

Verse 2

Περὶ πάντων ὧν ἐγκαλοῦμαι ὑπὸ Ἰουδαίων, βασιλεῦ Ἀγρίππα, ἥγημαι ἐμαυτὸν μακάριον ἐπὶ σοῦ μέλλων σήμερον ἀπολογεῖσθαι,

έγκαλεω bring charges against, accuse βασιλεῦ Noun, voc s βασιλευς, εως m king

"The position of the vocative is unusual (cf. vv. 7,13,27), for stylistic effect. The style and language of this speech are mostly of a high literary quality." Bruce

ήγεομαι think, regard, consider

ήγημαι a perfect with present meaning, "one of the literary touches characteristic of the speech before Agrippa." Blass

μακαριος, α , ov blessed, fortunate μελλω be going, be about σημερον today

Verse 3

μάλιστα γνώστην ὄντα σε πάντων τῶν κατὰ Ἰουδαίους ἐθῶν τε καὶ ζητημάτων· διὸ δέομαι μακροθύμως ἀκοῦσαί μου.

μαλιστα especially γνωστης, ου m one familiar with σε Pronoun, acc s συ ἐθος, ους n custom, practice τε και and also ζητημα, τος n dispute, point of disagreement διο therefore, for this reason δεομαι ask, beg, pray μακροθυμως patiently

Verse 4

Τὴν μὲν οὖν βίωσίν μου τὴν ἐκ νεότητος τὴν ἀπ' ἀρχῆς γενομένην ἐν τῷ ἔθνει μου ἔν τε Ἱεροσολύμοις ἴσασι πάντες Ἰουδαῖοι,

μεν ουν 'well then' βιωσις, εως f way of life νεοτης, ητος f youth, youthfulness ἀρχη, ης f beginning έθνος, ους n nation, people

"Here the phrase may refer particularly to his fellow-Jews in Cilicia, as it seems to be contrasted with the following ἔν τε Ίεροσολύμοις." Bruce

ἴσασι Verb, perf act indic, 3 pl (irreg) οίδα (verb perf in form but with present meaning) know, understand

Verse 5

προγινώσκοντές με ἄνωθεν, ἐὰν θέλωσι μαρτυρεῖν, ὅτι κατὰ τὴν ἀκριβεστάτην αἵρεσιν τῆς ἡμετέρας θρησκείας ἔζησα Φαρισαῖος.

προγινωσκω know already, know beforehand

ἀνωθεν from the beginning, for a long time ἐαν if

 θ ελω wish, will

μαρτυρεω bear witness, testify

Cf. 22:5.

ἀκριβεστατος, η, ον strictest (superl. from ἀκριβης)

αίρεσις, εως f religious party, faction ήμετερος, α , ov our

θρησκεια, ας f religion, worship

'Cultus' or 'ritual', cf. 2:18; Jas 1:26f.

ζαω live, be alive

Verse 6

καὶ νῦν ἐπ' ἐλπίδι τῆς εἰς τοὺς πατέρας ἡμῶν ἐπαγγελίας γενομένης ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ ἔστηκα κρινόμενος,

έλπις, ιδος f hope

Cf. 23:6; 24:15; 28:20

πατηρ, πατρος m father $\dot{\epsilon}$ παγγελια, α ς f promise, what is promised

έπ' ἐλπίδι τῆς εἰς τοὺς πατέρας ἡμῶν ἐπαγγελίας γενομένης ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ 'for the hope of the promise made by God to our fathers'. Cf. Lk 1:55, 72; Rom 9:4f.

ἕστηκα Verb, perf act indic, 1 s ίστημι pf stand

Verse 7

εἰς ἣν τὸ δωδεκάφυλον ἡμῶν ἐν ἐκτενείᾳ νύκτα καὶ ἡμέραν λατρεῦον ἐλπίζει καταντῆσαι· περὶ ἦς ἐλπίδος ἐγκαλοῦμαι ὑπὸ Ἰουδαίων, βασιλεῦ·

δωδεκαφυλον, ου $\,n\,$ the twelve tribes ἐκτενεια, ας $\,f\,$ earnestness

Other occurrences of this word in 12:5 and Lk 22:44 both refer to prayer.

νυξ, νυκτος f night λατρευω serve, worship ἐλπιζω hope, hope for, expect κατανταω arrive, reach, attain

B has the future infinitive καταντησειν

έγκαλεω see v.2 βασιλεῦ see v.2

Verse 8

τί ἄπιστον κρίνεται παρ' ὑμῖν εἰ ὁ θεὸς νεκροὺς ἐγείρει;

απιστος, ov unbelieving; unbelievable, incredible

κρινω judge

παρ ὑμιν emphatic, 'among you Jews'

νεκρος, α, ον dead ἐγειρω raise

The resurrection of the dead is the 'hope' to which Paul has been referring: it was promised to the patriarchs, anticipated with longing by the twelve tribes and has now been realised in Jesus the Christ.

Verse 9

Έγὰ μὲν οὖν ἔδοξα ἐμαυτῷ πρὸς τὸ ὄνομα Ἰησοῦ τοῦ Ναζωραίου δεῖν πολλὰ ἐναντία πρᾶξαι·

Έγὼ μὲν οὖν emphatic. Bruce expands the thought in this phrase as follows, "Pharisee though I was, and thus in theory a believer in the resurrection of the dead, I yet judged it incredible in this particular case, and thought it my duty to oppose such a heresy."

δοκεω think, suppose ὀνομα, τος n name, person Ναζωραιος, ου m inhabitant of Nazareth δει impersonal verb it is necessary, should ἐναντιος, α, ον against, contrary to,

opposed to πρασσω practice, do

Verse 10

δ καὶ ἐποίησα ἐν Ἱεροσολύμοις, καὶ πολλούς τε τῶν ἀγίων ἐγὼ ἐν φυλακαῖς κατέκλεισα τὴν παρὰ τῶν ἀρχιερέων ἐξουσίαν λαβών, ἀναιρουμένων τε αὐτῶν κατήνεγκα ψῆφον,

άγιος, α, ον holy; οἱ άγιοι God's people φυλακη, ης f prison, imprisonment κατακλειω shut up, put in prison άρχιερευς, εως m high priest, member of high priestly family

έξουσια, ας f authority, power

Cf. 9:2,14

ἀναιρεω do away with, kill, destroy

Cf. 8:4 where the cognate noun ἀναιρεσει is used of Stephen's death.

κατήνεγκα Verb, aor act indic, 1 s καταφερω bring, cast against ψηφος, ου f pebble, stone; vote

Verse 11

καὶ κατὰ πάσας τὰς συναγωγὰς πολλάκις τιμωρῶν αὐτοὺς ἠνάγκαζον βλασφημεῖν, περισσῶς τε ἐμμαινόμενος αὐτοῖς ἐδίωκον ἕως καὶ εἰς τὰς ἔξω πόλεις.

συναγωγη, ης f synagogue πολλακις often, repeatedly, frequently τιμωρεω punish, have (someone) punished ἀναγκαζω force, compel, urge

λακτιζω kick

The imperfect has the force of 'I tried to compel them'

βλασφημεω speak against, blaspheme

"Το say ἀναθεμα Ἰησους (cf. 1 Cor 12:3), or something similar." Bruce

περισσως all the more, even more ἐμμαινομαι be enraged or infuriated; περισσως ἐμμαινομαι be insanely furious διωκω persecute, seek after, pursue ἐξω outside, away; foreign

τας ἐξω πολεις "Cities outside Palestine; probably he was thinking of Damascus in particular." Bruce

Verse 12

Έν οἶς πορευόμενος εἰς τὴν Δαμασκὸν μετ' ἐξουσίας καὶ ἐπιτροπῆς τῆς τῶν ἀρχιερέων

έν οίς 'under which circumstances'.

πορευομαι go, proceed, travel έξουσια, ας see v.10 έπιτροπη, ης f commission

Verse 13

ήμέρας μέσης κατὰ τὴν ὁδὸν εἶδον, βασιλεῦ, οὐρανόθεν ὑπὲρ τὴν λαμπρότητα τοῦ ἡλίου περιλάμψαν με φῶς καὶ τοὺς σὺν ἐμοὶ πορευομένους·

μεσος, η, ον middle όδος, ου f way, road, journey εἶδον Verb, aor act ind, 1s & 3pl όραω trans see, observe, perceive οὐρανοθεν adv from heaven λαμπροτης, ητος f brightness ήλιος, ου m the sun περιλαμπω shine around φως, φωτος n light ἐμοὶ Pronoun, dat s ἐγω

Verse 14

πάντων τε καταπεσόντων ήμῶν εἰς τὴν γῆν ήκουσα φωνὴν λέγουσαν πρός με τῆ Ἑβραΐδι διαλέκτῳ· Σαοὺλ Σαούλ, τί με διώκεις; σκληρόν σοι πρὸς κέντρα λακτίζειν.

καταπεσόντων Verb, aor act ptc, gen pl καταπιπτω fall, fall down $\gamma \eta, \gamma \eta \varsigma$ f earth

"In the other versions of the story Paul only is said to have fallen; this is one of several additions in this account; it does not necessarily contradict 9:7 (ἱστηκεισαν); if his companions fell with him, they probably rose before he did." Bruce

Έβραΐς, ΐδος f Hebrew language (i.e. Aramaic) διαλεκτος, ου f language διωκω see v.11

σκληρος, α, ον hard, difficult (σκληρον σοι it is hard for you)
κεντρον, ου n sting, goad

Bruce says, "Paul evidently had been uneasy in mind about his persecution of the Christians, especially since the death of Stephen, whose arguments had been convincing him against his will." Polhill dissents from this interpretation saying, "This however, was not how Paul's Gentile audience would have understood the words. In the many instances where the proverb occurs in Greek literature, it always has the meaning of resisting one's destiny or fighting the will of the gods. That meaning fits Paul's situation. In persecuting Christ, Paul was fighting the will of the One who had set him apart from birth (cf. Gal 1:15). Like a beast of burden kicking against his master's goads, he would only find the blows more severe with each successive kick. He was fighting the will of God (cf. Acts 5:39). It was a futile, senseless task."

Verse 15

ἐγὰ δὲ εἶπα· Τίς εἶ, κύριε; ὁ δὲ κύριος εἶπεν· Ἐγὰ εἰμι Ἰησοῦς ὃν σὰ διώκεις·

εἶπα Verb, aor act indic, 1 s (less usual form) λεγω

Verse 16

άλλὰ ἀνάστηθι καὶ στῆθι ἐπὶ τοὺς πόδας σου εἰς τοῦτο γὰρ ἄφθην σοι, προχειρίσασθαί σε ὑπηρέτην καὶ μάρτυρα ὧν τε εἶδές με ὧν τε ὀφθήσομαί σοι,

ἀνάστηθι Verb, aor act imperat, 2 s ἀνιστημι rise, stand up

στῆθι Verb, 2 aor act imperat, 2 s $\,$ iστημι 2 aor stand, stand firm

πόδας Noun, acc pl πους, ποδος m foot

Bruce points out the parallel with Ezek 2:1, "where the words are spoken to Ezekiel, who had fallen to the ground when first he saw 'visions of God'; their repetition to Paul under similar circumstances suggests that he, too, was now called to prophetic service."

ὄφθην Verb, aor pass indic, 1 s ὁραω see; pass. appear

Cf. 1 Cor 15:8.

προχειρίσασθαί Verb, aor midd dep infin προχειριζομαι midd choose or appoint for oneself

Cf. 22:14.

ύπηρετης, ου m assistant, servant μάρτυρα Noun, acc s μαρτυς, μαρτυρος m witness

τε ... τε both ... and, not only ... but also εἶδές Verb, aor act indic, 2 s όραω

με is omitted by most MSS, including p^{74} κ A C^2 E P Ψ Byz, but is included in B C^{*vid} al.

ὀφθήσομαί Verb, fut pass indic, 1 s ὁραω pass. appear, be shown

These words outline Paul's claim to be an apostle:

- i) He had been chosen personally by Christ to serve as a witness to him:
- ii) He was to act as a witness to what he had *seen* (cf. Acts 22:15, also 1:21,22; 4:20).

Verse 17

έξαιρούμενός σε ἐκ τοῦ λαοῦ καὶ ἐκ τῶν ἐθνῶν, εἰς οὓς ἐγὼ ἀποστέλλω σε

έξαιρεω pull out, midd rescue, save

Cf. Jer 1:8.

σε Pronoun, acc s συ λαος, ου m people, a people ἐθνος, ους n nation, people; τα ἐ. Gentiles ἀποστελλω send, send out

Verse 18

ἀνοῖξαι ὀφθαλμοὺς αὐτῶν, τοῦ ἐπιστρέψαι ἀπὸ σκότους εἰς φῶς καὶ τῆς ἐξουσίας τοῦ Σατανᾶ ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν, τοῦ λαβεῖν αὐτοὺς ἄφεσιν ἀμαρτιῶν καὶ κλῆρον ἐν τοῖς ἡγιασμένοις πίστει τῆ εἰς ἐμέ.

ἀνοιγω open

Cf. Is 42:7.

ἐπιστρεφω turn back, turn round, turn σκοτος, ους n darkness, evil φως, φωτος n light έξουσια, ας f authority, power

Cf. Is 42:16; Col 1:13.

λαβεῖν Verb, aor act infin λαμβανω ἀφεσις, εως f forgiveness, cancellation ἁμαρτια, ας f sin

Cf. Col 1:14.

κληρος, ου m lot, share, part ἡγιασμένοις Verb, perf pass ptc, m & n dat pl ἀγιαζω sanctify, make holy

Cf. Col 1:12.

πίστει Noun, dat s πιστις, εως f faith, trust, belief

Dative of instrument.

Verse 19

Όθεν, βασιλεῦ Άγρίππα, οὐκ ἐγενόμην ἀπειθής τῆ οὐρανίω ὀπτασία,

όθεν therefore, for which reason ἀπειθης, ες disobedient, rebellious οὐρανιος, ον heavenly, from heaven ὀπτασια, α ς f vision

For other visions received by Paul cf. 28:9; 22:17; 23:11; 27:23; 2 Cor 12:1ff.; 2 Tim 4:17.

Verse 20

άλλὰ τοῖς ἐν Δαμασκῷ πρῶτόν τε καὶ Τεροσολύμοις, πᾶσάν τε τὴν χώραν τῆς Τουδαίας, καὶ τοῖς ἔθνεσιν ἀπήγγελλον μετανοεῖν καὶ ἐπιστρέφειν ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν, ἄξια τῆς μετανοίας ἔργα πράσσοντας.

πρωτον first, in the first place, first of all $\chi\omega\rho\alpha$, $\alpha\varsigma$ f country, region, territory

πᾶσάν τε τὴν χώραν τῆς Ἰουδαίας ('in all the region of Judea') is ungrammatical in context, though the addition of εἰς before πασαν has all the appearance of a scribal 'correction' to this difficult construction.

Blass suggests that there is a primitive error in the text which should read εἰς πασαν τε χωραν Ἰουδαιοις και τοις ἐθνεσιν ('in every land to both Jews and Gentiles'). "Paul's reference would then be to his missionary pattern of beginning in the synagogue before turning to the Gentiles." Polhill

ἔθνεσιν Noun, dat pl ἐθνος ἀπαγγελλω announce, proclaim μετανοεω repent ἐπιστρεφω see v.18 ἀξιος, α, ον worthy, deserving, fitting μετανοια, ας f repentance πρασσω practice, do

Cf. Lk 3:8. "None more firmly than Paul rejected works, before or after conversion as a ground of salvation; none more firmly demanded good works as a consequence of salvation." G.H.Lang

Verse 21

ἕνεκα τούτων με Ἰουδαῖοι συλλαβόμενοι ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ ἐπειρῶντο διαχειρίσασθαι.

ένεκα because of, for the sake of συλλαβόμενοι Verb, aor midd ptc, m nom pl συλλαμβανω act & midd sieze, arrest ίερον, ου n temple, temple precincts πειραομαι try, attempt διαχειρίσασθαι Verb, aor midd infin διαχειρίζομαι kill, murder

Verse 22

έπικουρίας οὖν τυχὼν τῆς ἀπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ ἄχρι τῆς ἡμέρας ταύτης ἕστηκα μαρτυρόμενος μικρῷ τε καὶ μεγάλῳ, οὐδὲν ἐκτὸς λέγων ὧν τε οἱ προφῆται ἐλάλησαν μελλόντων γίνεσθαι καὶ Μωϋσῆς,

έπικουρια, ας f help

"The one NT occurrence of the good classical word ἐπικουρια." Bruce

τυχων Verb, aor act ptc, m nom s τυγχανω obtain, receive άγρι until, as far as

έστηκα Verb, perf act indic, 1 s ίστημι pf stand, stand firm μαρτυρεω bear witness, testify τε και and also μεγας, μεγαλη, μεγα large, great

Cf. v.29.

οὐδεις, οὐδεμια, οὐδεν no one, nothing ἐκτος outside, outside of, except προφητης, ου m prophet λαλεω speak, talk μελλω be going, be about

"Paul insists throughout that his Gospel was but the logical and necessary fulfilment of the OT revelation: cf. Rom 1:2; 16:26; 1 Cor 15:3f." Bruce

Verse 23

εἰ παθητὸς ὁ χριστός, εἰ πρῶτος ἐξ ἀναστάσεως νεκρῶν φῶς μέλλει καταγγέλλειν τῷ τε λαῷ καὶ τοῖς ἔθνεσιν.

παθητος, η, ον subject to suffering, must suffer

εὶ παθητος ὁ Χριστος 'whether the Messiah is to suffer'. Bruce sees this and the following phrases as a series of headings from a collection of Messianic proof texts or Testimonies by which Luke sums up the arguments from the OT used by Paul before Agrippa – showing that 'Christ must suffer' etc.

πρωτος, η, ον first, leading, foremost ἀναστασις, εως f resurrection, raising up νεκρος, α , ον dead

cf. 1 Cor 15:20

φως, φωτος n light καταγγελλω proclaim, make known λαος, ου m people, a people

Cf. 13:45; Lk 2:32. $\lambda \alpha o \varsigma$ here as elsewhere used of the people *of Israel*.

Verse 24

Ταῦτα δὲ αὐτοῦ ἀπολογουμένου ὁ Φῆστος μεγάλη τῆ φωνῆ φησιν· Μαίνη, Παῦλε· τὰ πολλά σε γράμματα εἰς μανίαν περιτρέπει.

ἀπολογεομαι speak in one's own behalf, defend oneself

μεγας, μεγαλη, μεγα large, great φησιν Verb, pres indic, 3 s φημι say μαινομαι be out of one's mind, be insane γραμμα, τος n letter, learning μανια, ας f madness, insanity περιτρεπω drive (εἰς μανιαν) insane

"The remark was not offensive; both $\mu\alpha$ ivo $\mu\alpha$ i and $\mu\alpha$ vi α are cognate with $\mu\alpha$ vi ζ , 'seer', 'inspired person'; Plato, for example, declares that without $\mu\alpha$ vi α no one can be a true poet." Bruce

Verse 25

ό δὲ Παῦλος· Οὐ μαίνομαι, φησίν, κράτιστε Φῆστε, ἀλλὰ ἀληθείας καὶ σωφροσύνης ρήματα ἀποφθέγγομαι.

κρατιστος, η, ον most excellent

Cf. 23:26; 24:3.

άληθεια, ας f truth, reality; ἐν ἀ. truly σωφροσυνη, ης f good sense, sound judgement

In Mk 5:15 and the parallel Lk 8:35 $\sigma\omega\rho\rho\sigma\sigma\nu\eta$ is the antithesis of demon possession (cf. 2 Cor 5:13).

ἡημα, ατος n word, thing, matter ἀποφθεγγομαι speak, declare

Used of a solemn or inspired utterance, cf. 2:4,14.

Verse 26

ἐπίσταται γὰρ περὶ τούτων ὁ βασιλεύς, πρὸς ὃν καὶ παρρησιαζόμενος λαλῶ· λανθάνειν γὰρ αὐτὸν τούτων οὐ πείθομαι οὐθέν, οὐ γάρ ἐστιν ἐν γωνίᾳ πεπραγμένον τοῦτο.

ἐπισταμαι know, understand παρρησιαζομαι speak boldly, have courage λαλεω speak, talk λανθανω be hidden, escape notice, lose

sight of πειθω persuade, convince οὐθεις, οὐθεμια, οὐθεν equivalent to οὐδεις, οὐδεμια, οὐδεν no one, nothing γωνια, ας f corner

πεπραγμένον Verb, perf pass ptc, m acc & n nom/acc s πρασσω practice, do

A Classical expression. "The expression 'not in a corner' is often found in Greek philosophical writings, particularly in contexts where philosophers are accused of withdrawing into their 'ivory towers' and not confronting the larger society in the markets and streets. This meaning well fits Paul's situation. His witness has been fully public. He had met the Athenians in the marketplace and addressed them on the Areopagus. He had stood before magistrates at Philippi and before the proconsul Gallio in Corinth. He had preached to the crowd in the temple square and spoken before the Jewish Sanhedrin. His case had been heard by the Roman governors Felix and Festus and now by the Jewish king himself. Paul's activity was certainly no affair done in a secluded corner but open to full public view." Polhill

"This proverb contains the element of litotes so dear to Luke and Paul; the evangelistic events had taken place and the Gospel had been preached openly." Bruce

Verse 27

πιστεύεις, βασιλεῦ Άγρίππα, τοῖς προφήταις; οἶδα ὅτι πιστεύεις.

πιστευω believe (in), have faith (in) βασιλεῦ see v.2 οἰδα (verb perf in form but with present meaning) know

"Paul now turns to the King himself with a direct appeal to his corroborating testimony. If Agrippa believed the prophets as Paul was persuaded he did, then he must agree with Paul, whose message contained 'nothing beyond what the prophets and Moses said should happen'." Bruce

Verse 28

ό δὲ Ἀγρίππας πρὸς τὸν Παῦλον· Ἐν ὀλίγφ με πείθεις Χριστιανὸν ποιῆσαι.

όλιγος, η, ον little, small Χριστιανος, ου m Christian ποιῆσαι Verb, aor act infin ποιεω

There are several translations/interpretations of this verse depending partly on the sense given to $\dot{\epsilon}v~\dot{o}\lambda o\gamma \phi~-$ 'with so few words', 'in such a short time' ...

Bruce argues that this is an idiomatic expression meaning, 'in short, you are trying to persuade me to act as a Christian.' He considers that it was failure to understand this idiom led to variant readings: A has $\pi \epsilon \iota \theta \eta$ for $\pi \epsilon \iota \theta \epsilon \iota \zeta$ while for $\pi \epsilon \iota \eta \sigma \alpha \iota \theta \gamma \epsilon \iota d \alpha \iota$ (from v.29).

Verse 29

ό δὲ ΓΠαῦλος· Εὐξαίμην ἂν τῷ θεῷ καὶ ἐν ὀλίγῳ καὶ ἐν μεγάλῳ οὐ μόνον σὲ ἀλλὰ καὶ πάντας τοὺς ἀκούοντάς μου σήμερον γενέσθαι τοιούτους ὁποῖος καὶ ἐγώ εἰμι παρεκτὸς τῶν δεσμῶν τούτων.

εὐξαίμην Verb, aor midd dep opt, 1 s εὐχομαι pray, wish, long

Eὐξαίμην ἂν I could pray, "the classical use of the optative with ἀν to express a softened assertion... The whole sentence is very elegantly expressed." Bruce

καὶ ἐν ὀλίγῷ καὶ ἐν μεγάλῷ "'with a few words or with many', 'with ease or with difficulty' – playing on Agrippa's ἐν ὀλιγῷ" Bruce

μονον adv only, alone σημερον today τοιουτος, αυτη, ουτον similar, like όποιος, α , ον of what sort, such as παρεκτος except, apart from δεσμος, ου m(& n) bond, chain

Verse 30

Ανέστη τε ὁ βασιλεὺς καὶ ὁ ἡγεμὼν ἥ τε Βερνίκη καὶ οἱ συγκαθήμενοι αὐτοῖς,

ἀνέστη Verb, 2 aor act indic, 3 s ἀνιστημι rise, stand up ἡγεμων, ονος m governor, ruler

Bruce says that the alternation τε ... και ... τε ...

Bruce says that the alternation $\tau \epsilon \dots \kappa \alpha \iota \dots \tau \epsilon \dots \kappa \alpha \iota$ is purely stylistic.

συγκαθημαι sit with

Verse 31

καὶ ἀναχωρήσαντες ἐλάλουν πρὸς ἀλλήλους λέγοντες ὅτι Οὐδὲν θανάτου ἢ δεσμῶν ἄξιον τι πράσσει ὁ ἄνθρωπος οὖτος.

ἀναχωρήσαντες Verb, aor act ptc, m nom pl ἀναχωρεω withdraw, go away λαλεω speak, talk ἀλληλων, οις, ους one another οὐδεις, οὐδεμια, οὐδεν no one, nothing θανατος, ου m death ἡ or ἀξιος, α, ον worthy, deserving, fitting πρασσω see v.26

The present tense refers to Paul's whole and continuing manner of life. "Here and in the next verse Luke emphasises the official agreement on Paul's innocence: cf. Herod and Pilate's agreement on Christ's innocence in Lk 23:14f." Bruce

Verse 32

Αγρίππας δὲ τῷ Φήστῳ ἔφη· Ἀπολελύσθαι ἐδύνατο ὁ ἄνθρωπος οὖτος εἰ μὴ ἐπεκέκλητο Καίσαρα.

ἔφη Verb, imperf act ind, 3s φημι say ἀπολελύσθαι Verb, perf pass infin ἀπολυω release, set free

ἐπεκέκλητο Verb, pluperfect midd indic, 3 s ἐπικαλεω midd call upon, appeal to

"The pluperfect expresses more than the aorist would have done; Paul's appeal to Caesar was not a mere act in the past, but had put him into a definite position in the eyes of the law."

Bruce