Notes on the Greek New Testament Day 119 – April 29th – Luke 24:13-53

Works frequently referenced in these notes on Luke

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Verse 13

Καὶ ἰδοὺ δύο ἐξ αὐτῶν ἐν αὐτῆ τῆ ἡμέρα ἦσαν πορευόμενοι εἰς κώμην ἀπέχουσαν σταδίους ἑξήκοντα ἀπὸ Ἰερουσαλήμ, ἦ ὄνομα Ἐμμαοῦς,

δυο gen & acc δυο dat δυσιν two

One is Cleopas (v. 18), the other may have been his wife, Mary (cf. Jn. 19:25).

κωμη, ης f village, small town ἀπεχω intrans. be distant σταδιοι, ων m (pl) stades, furlongs (about 200 metres) έξηκοντα sixty

I.e. about 7 miles. The site of the village is uncertain.

Verse 14

καὶ αὐτοὶ ὡμίλουν πρὸς ἀλλήλους περὶ πάντων τῶν συμβεβηκότων τούτων.

ὁμιλεω talk, converse

Here and v.15; Acts 20:11; 24:26. A Lucan word.

άλληλων, οις, ους reciprocal pronoun $\,$ one another $\,$

συμβεβηκότων Verb, perf act ptc, gen pl συμβαινω happen, come about

Verse 15

καὶ ἐγένετο ἐν τῷ ὁμιλεῖν αὐτοὺς καὶ συζητεῖν καὶ αὐτὸς Ἰησοῦς ἐγγίσας συνεπορεύετο αὐτοῖς,

συζητεω argue, discuss, question ἐγγίσας Verb, aor act ptc, m nom s ἐγγιζω approach, draw near συμπορευομαι go along with, walk along with

Verse 16

οί δὲ ὀφθαλμοὶ αὐτῶν ἐκρατοῦντο τοῦ μὴ ἐπιγνῶναι αὐτόν.

κρατεω hold, hold back

The passive sugests divine action.

έπιγινωσκω perceive, recognise

"The lack of recognition is more due to a spiritual blindness by the disciples than to something unusual about the appearance of Jesus (for the latter see Mk 16:12)." Marshall

Verse 17

εἶπεν δὲ πρὸς αὐτούς· Τίνες οἱ λόγοι οὖτοι οὓς ἀντιβάλλετε πρὸς ἀλλήλους περιπατοῦντες; καὶ ἐστάθησαν σκυθρωποί.

ἀντιβαλλω exchange; ἀ. λογους discuss, converse

περιπατεω walk, walk about ἐστάθησαν Verb, aor pass indic, 3 pl ἰστημι and ἰστανω stand, stop σκυθρωπος, η, ον sad, gloomy

Here and Mt 6:16.

Verse 18

ἀποκριθεὶς δὲ εἶς ὀνόματι Κλεοπᾶς εἶπεν πρὸς αὐτόν· Σὺ μόνος παροικεῖς Ἰερουσαλὴμ καὶ οὐκ ἔγνως τὰ γενόμενα ἐν αὐτῆ ἐν ταῖς ἡμέραις ταύταις;

Κλεοπας is an abbreviated form of Κλεοπατρος and was probably equivalent to the Semitic form Κλωπας (cf. Jn 19:25). The other traveller may have been his wife.

παροικεω live in, make a temporary home, live as a stranger

μονος παροικεις could be understood as, "are you the only visitor in Jerusalem who does not know ..." or "are you only a visitor to Jerusalem and do not know ...". Marshall suggests 'Are you alone so much of a stranger in Jerusalem that you do not know what everybody is talking about?'

ἕγνως Verb, aor act indic, 2 s γινωσκω γενόμενα Verb, aor midd dep ptc, n nom/acc pl γινομαι

Verse 19

καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· Ποῖα; οἱ δὲ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· Τὰ περὶ Ἰησοῦ τοῦ Ναζαρηνοῦ, ὃς ἐγένετο ἀνὴρ προφήτης δυνατὸς ἐν ἔργῳ καὶ λόγῳ ἐναντίον τοῦ θεοῦ καὶ παντὸς τοῦ λαοῦ,

ποιος, α, ον interrog pro. what, which, of what kind

For τα περι cf. Acts 18:25; 28:31.

δυνατος, η, ov strong, powerful, able ἐργον, ου n work, deed ἐναντιον before, in the judgement of

Verse 20

ὅπως τε παρέδωκαν αὐτὸν οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ οἱ ἄρχοντες ἡμῶν εἰς κρίμα θανάτου καὶ ἐσταύρωσαν αὐτόν.

ὁπως (or ὁπως ἀν) that, in order that

Used here to introduce an indirect question.

τε enclitic particle and, and so ἀρχιερευς, εως m high priest, member of high priestly family ἀρχων, οντος m ruler, official κριμα, τος n judgement, verdict, condemnation σταυροω crucify

The grammar might suggest that the Jews themselves performed the crucifying but for the use of $\pi\alpha\rho\epsilon\delta\omega\kappa\alpha\nu$ which suggests delivery over to another power.

Verse 21

ήμεῖς δὲ ἠλπίζομεν ὅτι αὐτός ἐστιν ὁ μέλλων λυτροῦσθαι τὸν Ἰσραήλ· ἀλλά γε καὶ σὺν πᾶσιν τούτοις τρίτην ταύτην ἡμέραν ἄγει ἀφ' οὖ ταῦτα ἐγένετο.

ἐλπιζω hope, hope for

With Jesus' death, hope dies. But with his resurrection from the dead hope revives and, established now on a firm footing, can never die (see 1 Peter 1:3ff.)

μελλω (before an infin) be going, be about, intend

λυτροομαι redeem, set free, liberate

I.e. setting them free from their enemies and inaugurating the kingdom of God (cf. 1:68; 2:38; 21:28). For λυτροομαι see Titus 2:14; 1 Peter 1:18.

γε enclitic particle adding emphasis to the word with which it is associated

άλλα γε και συν πασιν τουτοις "but along with all these things ...", i.e. "what's more ..."

τριτος, η, ov third

τριτην ταυτην ήμεραν άγει 'this is the third day'.

ἐγένετο Verb, aor midd dep indic, 3 s γινομαι

Verse 22

άλλὰ καὶ γυναῖκές τινες ἐξ ἡμῶν ἐξέστησαν ἡμᾶς, γενόμεναι ὀρθριναὶ ἐπὶ τὸ μνημεῖον

ἐξιστημι intrans be amazed, be surprised, be out of one's mind; trans. amaze, astonish

γενόμεναι Verb, aor mid dep ptc, f nom pl γινομαι

ορθρινος, η, ον early in the morning

Verse 23

καὶ μὴ εύροῦσαι τὸ σῶμα αὐτοῦ ἦλθον λέγουσαι καὶ ὀπτασίαν ἀγγέλων ἑωρακέναι, οἱ λέγουσιν αὐτὸν ζῆν.

εύροῦσαι Verb, aor act ptc, f nom pl εύρισκω σωμα, τος n body ὀπτασια, ας f vision έωρακέναι Verb, perf act infin ὁραω trans see, observe

ζαω live, be alive

"The present tense is retained in the indirect speech, and implies the continuing validity of the message." Marshall

Verse 24

καὶ ἀπῆλθόν τινες τῶν σὺν ἡμῖν ἐπὶ τὸ μνημεῖον, καὶ εὖρον οὕτως καθὼς καὶ αἱ γυναῖκες εἶπον, αὐτὸν δὲ οὐκ εἶδον.

εὖρον Verb, aor act indic, 1 s & 3 pl εύρισκω ούτως adv. formed from ούτος thus, in this way

εἶπον Verb, aor act indic, 1s & 3pl λεγω εἶδον Verb, aor act ind, 1s & 3pl ὁραω see, observe

Verse 25

καὶ αὐτὸς εἶπεν πρὸς αὐτούς· Ω ἀνόητοι καὶ βραδεῖς τῆ καρδία τοῦ πιστεύειν ἐπὶ πᾶσιν οἶς ἐλάλησαν οἱ προφῆται·

ἀνοητος, ον foolish, ignorant βραδυς, εια, υ slow

Verse 26

ούχὶ ταῦτα ἔδει παθεῖν τὸν χριστὸν καὶ εἰσελθεῖν εἰς τὴν δόξαν αὐτοῦ;

οὐχι (emphatic form of οὐ) not, no; used in questions expecting an affirmative answer. ἔδει Verb, imperf indic, 3 s (impers) δει impersonal verb it is necessary, must παθεῖν Verb, aor act infin πασχω suffer, experience

"For πασχω in christological formulae cf. 9:22; 24:46; Acts 3:18; 17:3; 26:23. But it is not clear whether pre-Christian Judaism expected the Messiah (2:26 *et al.*; 24:46) to suffer... At best the expectation can hardly have been a widespread one, but the evidence is hard to assess since there is good reason to suppose that anti-Christian polemic has led to suppression of some of the evidence. But it is clear that here the stranger is taking up the earlier passion predictions by Jesus, and applying what was said then about the Son of man to the Messiah." Marshall

δοξα, ης f glory

The glory of the exalted Messiah/Son of man (cf. 9:26; 21:27; Phil 2:5-11; 1 Tim 3:16; 1 Peter 1:11, 18f., 21).

Verse 27

καὶ ἀρξάμενος ἀπὸ Μωϋσέως καὶ ἀπὸ πάντων τῶν προφητῶν διερμήνευσεν αὐτοῖς ἐν πάσαις ταῖς γραφαῖς τὰ περὶ ἑαυτοῦ.

ἀρξάμενος Verb, aor midd ptc, m nom sἀρχω midd beginδιερμηνευω interpret, explain, translate

The best interpreter of Scripture. Jesus showed how all of Scripture finds its focus and fulfilment in him.

Verse 28

Καὶ ἤγγισαν εἰς τὴν κώμην οὖ ἐπορεύοντο, καὶ αὐτὸς προσεποιήσατο πορρώτερον πορεύεσθαι.

έγγιζω approach, draw near κωμη, ης f village, small town πορευομαι go, proceed, travel προσποιεομαι act as if, give the impression that

πορρωτερον adv further

Here only in the NT, but cf. the simpler form in 14:32.

Verse 29

καὶ παρεβιάσαντο αὐτὸν λέγοντες· Μεῖνον μεθ' ἡμῶν, ὅτι πρὸς ἐσπέραν ἐστὶν καὶ κέκλικεν ήδη ἡ ἡμέρα. καὶ εἰσῆλθεν τοῦ μεῖναι σὺν αὐτοῖς.

παρεβιάσαντο Verb, aor midd dep indic, 3 pl παραβιαζομαι urge strongly, persuade

Here and Acts 16:15.

μεῖνον Verb, aor act imperat, 2 s μενω trans remain, stay ἑσπερα, ας f evening κλινω wear away, draw to a close

Cf. 9:12

ήδη adv now, already

Verse 30

καὶ ἐγένετο ἐν τῷ κατακλιθῆναι αὐτὸν μετ' αὐτῶν λαβὼν τὸν ἄρτον εὐλόγησεν καὶ κλάσας ἐπεδίδου αὐτοῖς·

κατακλιθῆναι Verb, aor pass infin κατακλινω pass sit down, sit (lit. recline) at table, dine

"Bultmann ... comments that the early church associated the resurrection appearances with meals (24:41-43; Acts 1:4; 10:41; Jn 21:12f.; cf. Mk 16:14), since it expected Jesus to 'appear' at the Lord's Supper. The connection between the two types of event is rightly observed, but the wrong inference has been drawn; it was because Jesus had appeared at meal times that the church expected his presence at the Lord's Supper." Marshall

λαβων Verb, aor act ptc, m nom s λαμβανω ἀρτος, ου m bread, a loaf, food εὐλογεω speak well of, bless κλαω break (only of bread) ἐπεδίδου Verb, imperf act indic, 3 s ἐπιδιδωμι give, hand

Verse 31

αὐτῶν δὲ διηνοίχθησαν οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ καὶ ἐπέγνωσαν αὐτόν· καὶ αὐτὸς ἄφαντος ἐγένετο ἀπ' αὐτῶν.

"The language of the previous verse points irresistibly to the action of Jesus at the last supper (and at the feeding of the multitudes), and serves to identify the stranger to the disciples; their eyes are opened $(\delta \omega v \circ v \circ \varphi)$, 2:23; *et al.*; cf. 24:32,45) by God to see the significance of the action and thus to recognise Jesus (contrast 24:16)." Marshall

διηνοίχθησαν Verb, aor pass indic, 3 pl διανοιγω open ἐπιγινωσκω perceive, understand, recognise ἀφαντος, ov invisible (ἀ. ἐγενετο he disappeared) On the principle that the couple here sharing food may have been Cleopas (v. 18 and his wife Mary (cf. Jn 19:25), a parallel may be drawn with Genesis 3:6-7. There, in the first recorded meal in Scripture, a man and his wife shared food and their eyes were opened to their nakedness. The presence of a third party at that first feast had brought destruction. Here is a new feast at the dawn of a new creation. A man and his wife eat together and, through the presence of a third party with them, their eyes are opened to see the Lord, risen from the dead. It is in this context that the third party present enables them to see that the whole of the story, from the dawn of creation to this moment, is the story of how a ruined creation is turned into a new creation. This story, which is the story of Scripture, has its focus and centre in Jesus the crucified Messiah (vv. 25-27). The redemption of Israel for which they had hoped (v. 21) finds its realisation here in the redeemer raised from the dead. It is as their eyes are opened to the story and its focus in Jesus of Nazareth that the story burns like a fire in their hearts.

Verse 32

καὶ εἶπαν πρὸς ἀλλήλους· Οὐχὶ ἡ καρδία ἡμῶν καιομένη ἦν ἐν ἡμῖν ὡς ἐλάλει ἡμῖν ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ, ὡς διήνοιγεν ἡμῖν τὰς γραφάς;

ἀλληλων, οις, ους reciprocal pronoun one another

οὐχι (emphatic form of οὐ) not, no; used in questions expecting an affirmative answer. καιω light, keep burning, burn

Cf. Pss 38:4(39:3); 73:21(72:21); Jer 20:9.

όδος, ου f way, path, road, journey διήνοιγεν Verb, imperf act indic, 3 s διανοιγω

Cf. Acts 17:3.

Verse 33

καὶ ἀναστάντες αὐτῆ τῆ ὥρᾳ ὑπέστρεψαν εἰς Ἰερουσαλήμ, καὶ εὖρον ἠθροισμένους τοὺς ἕνδεκα καὶ τοὺς σὺν αὐτοῖς,

ἀνασταντες aor ptc ἀνιστημι stand ὑποστρεφω return, turn back εὖρον Verb, aor act indic, 1 s & 3 pl εὑρισκω ἡθροισμένους Verb, perf pass ptc, m acc pl ἀθροιζω gather together ένδεκα eleven

Verse 34

λέγοντας ὅτι ὄντως ἠγέρθη ὁ κύριος καὶ ὤφθη Σίμωνι.

ὀντως really, certainly, indeed ἡγέρθη Verb, perf pass indic, 3 s ἐγειρω raise ὄφθη Verb, aor pass indic, 3 s όραω see; pass. appear

We are provided with no detail of this appearance.

Verse 35

καὶ αὐτοὶ ἐξηγοῦντο τὰ ἐν τῆ ὁδῷ καὶ ὡς ἐγνώσθη αὐτοῖς ἐν τῆ κλάσει τοῦ ἄρτου.

έξηγεομαι tell, relate, explain έγνωσθη Verb, aor pass indic, 3 s γινωσκω κλασις, εως f breaking (of bread)

Cf. Acts 2:42. "In the reading of Scripture and at the breaking of bread the risen Lord will continue to be present, though unseen."

Marshall

Verse 36

Ταῦτα δὲ αὐτῶν λαλούντων αὐτὸς ἔστη ἐν μέσω αὐτῶν.

έστη 2nd aor ίστημι 2nd aor stand μεσος, η, ον middle

"The same pattern of appearance to an individual followed by appearance to a group is found in the other Gospels (Mt 28:9f., 16-20; Jn 20:11-18, 19-23). The appearance is dated on Easter Sunday, as in Jn 20:19." Marshall

Verse 37

πτοηθέντες δὲ καὶ ἔμφοβοι γενόμενοι ἐδόκουν πνεῦμα θεωρεῖν.

πτοηθέντες Verb, aor pass dep ptc, m nom pl πτοεομαι be terrified, startled ἐμφοβος, ον full of fear γενόμενοι Verb, aor midd dep ptc, m nom pl γινομαι

For πνευμα in the sense of 'ghost' cf. 24:39; Acts 23:8f.

θεωρεω see, observe

δοκεω think, suppose

Verse 38

καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· Τί τεταραγμένοι ἐστέ, καὶ διὰ τί διαλογισμοὶ ἀναβαίνουσιν ἐν τῆ καρδίᾳ ὑμῶν;

τεταραγμένοι Verb, perf pass ptc, m nom pl ταρασσω trouble, disturb διαλογισμος, ου m thought, questioning ἀναβαινω go up, come up, arise

For use of this verb in this sense cf. Acts 7:23; 1 Cor 2:9.

Verse 39

ἴδετε τὰς χεῖράς μου καὶ τοὺς πόδας μου ὅτι ἐγώ εἰμι αὐτός· ψηλαφήσατέ με καὶ ἴδετε, ὅτι πνεῦμα σάρκα καὶ ὀστέα οὐκ ἔχει καθὼς ἐμὲ θεωρεῖτε ἔχοντα.

ἴδετε Verb, aor act imperat, 2 s όραω see, observe

χειρ, χειρος f hand, power πόδας Noun, acc pl πους, ποδος m foot ψηλαφήσατέ Verb, aor act imperat, 2 pl ψηλαφαω touch, feel

Here and Acts 17:27; 1 Jn 1:1; Heb 12:18.

σαρξ, σαρκος f flesh, physical body όστεον, ου and όστουν, ου n bone

Verse 40

[καὶ τοῦτο εἰπὼν ἔδειξεν αὐτοῖς τὰς χεῖρας καὶ τοὺς πόδας.]

ἔδειξεν Verb, aor act indic, 3 s δεικνυμι show, point out

This verse is omitted from a few MSS.

Verse 41

έτι δὲ ἀπιστούντων αὐτῶν ἀπὸ τῆς χαρᾶς καὶ θαυμαζόντων εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· Έχετέ τι βρώσιμον ἐνθάδε;

ἐτι still, yet, moreover ἀπιστεω fail or refuse to believe

Cf. 24:11

χαρα, ας f joy

I.e. it was too good to be true.

θαυμαζω wonder, be amazed βρωσμιος, ον eatable (ἐχετε τι β. do you have anything to eat?)

Here alone in the NT

ένθαδε adv here, in this place

Verse 42

οί δὲ ἐπέδωκαν αὐτῷ ἰχθύος ὀπτοῦ μέρος·

ἐπεδωκαν aor ἐπιδιδωμι give, hand, deliver, give up

ίχθυς, υος m fish

ὀπτος, η, ov broiled, baked

Here alone in the NT

μερος, ους n part, piece

Many MSS have a longer reading ... μερος και ἀπο μελισσου κηριου 'and from a honecombe'

Verse 43

καὶ λαβὼν ἐνώπιον αὐτῶν ἔφαγεν.

λαβων Verb, aor act ptc, m nom s λαμβανω ένωπιον prep with gen before, in the presence of

ἔφαγεν Verb, aor act indic, 3 s ἐσθιω and ἐσθω eat

Along with 'flesh and bones', a demonstration of the reality of his resurrection body.

Verse 44

Εἶπεν δὲ πρὸς αὐτούς· Οὖτοι οἱ λόγοι μου οὓς ἐλάλησα πρὸς ὑμᾶς ἔτι ὢν σὺν ὑμῖν, ὅτι δεῖ πληρωθῆναι πάντα τὰ γεγραμμένα ἐν τῷ νόμῷ Μωϋσέως καὶ προφήταις καὶ ψαλμοῖς περὶ ἐμοῦ.

"Unless Luke altered his chronology between the composition of the Gospel and of the Acts (which is improbable in view of the unified character of Lk.-Acts), he has consciously telescoped his story at some point. A break at the end of the present scene is probable... It is probable that he is here summarising what Jesus said to his disciples over the period of the resurrection appearances." Marshall

λαλεω speak, talk ἐτι still, yet, moreover

Jesus is summarising *all* that he taught them during his earthly ministry, showing them how all the Scriptures must be fulfilled in him.

δει impersonal verb it is necessary, must πληρωθῆναι Verb, aor pass infin πληροω fill, make full, fulfill

γεγραμμένα Verb, perf pass ptc, n nom/acc pl γραφω

ψαλμος, ου m psalm, song

Cf. 9:22,44; 17:25; 18:31; 22:37.

Verse 45

τότε διήνοιξεν αὐτῶν τὸν νοῦν τοῦ συνιέναι τὰς γραφάς,

τοτε then, at that time διανοιγω open

Cf. 24:32; Acts 17:3 for opening the Scriptures. Here it is *their minds* which are opened.

νους, νοος, νοι, νουν m mind, thought συνιέναι Verb, pres act infin συνιημι understand

Verse 46

καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς ὅτι οὕτως γέγραπται παθεῖν τὸν χριστὸν καὶ ἀναστῆναι ἐκ νεκρῶν τῆ τρίτη ἡμέρᾳ,

ούτως adv. formed from ούτος thus, in this way

Marshall thinks that the meaning is 'Thus (i.e. because the Scriptures about me must be fulfilled), it is written the Messiah must suffer...'

παθεῖν Verb, aor act infin πασχω suffer ἀναστῆναι Verb, 2nd aor act infin ἀνιστημι 2 aor rise

νεκρος, α, ov dead τριτος, η, ov third

Verse 47

καὶ κηρυχθῆναι ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματι αὐτοῦ μετάνοιαν καὶ ἄφεσιν άμαρτιῶν εἰς πάντα τὰ ἔθνη – ἀρξάμενοι ἀπὸ Ἰερουσαλήμ.

"A new feature is added: the mission of the church is also traced to scriptural prophecy, the interpretation of which is given by the risen Lord." Marshall

κηρυχθῆναι Verb, aor pass infin κηρυσσω preach, proclaim

μετανοια, ας f repentance

Cf. Acts 10:43; 13:47; 26:23, also 3:3; Acts 13:24; 20:21.

ἀφεσις, εως f forgiveness

Many MSS read kai àfestiv rather than eig àfestiv

άμαρτια, ας f sin

Cf. Acts 5:31; 20:21.

ἔθνη Noun, nom & acc pl ἐθνος, ους n nation, people; τα ἐ. Gentiles

Cf. Mk 13:10 also Acts 2:5; 10:35; 15:17; 17:26; Mk 16:15; Mt 28:19; Rom 1:13; 4:17f.; 15:11; 16:26 and Is 49:6; Joel 2:1.

ἀρξάμενοι Verb, aor midd ptc, m nom pl ἀρχω midd begin

Cf. Is 2:2; Mic 4:1f. "The implication is that the Christian mission was to commence in Jerusalem and possibly with the Jews themselves." Marshall

Verse 48

ύμεῖς ἐστε μάρτυρες τούτων.

μαρτυς, μαρτυρος dat pl μαρτυσιν m witness

Cf. Acts 1:22. A witness must be one who has direct experience of that to which he testifies.

Verse 49

καὶ ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ ἐξαποστέλλω τὴν ἐπαγγελίαν τοῦ πατρός μου ἐφ' ὑμᾶς· ὑμεῖς δὲ καθίσατε ἐν τῆ πόλει ἕως οὖ ἐνδύσησθε ἐξ ὕψους δύναμιν.

ἀποστελλω send, send out ἐπαγγελια, ας $\, f \,$ promise, what is promised

"Whether the Father's promise was made by Jesus or in the OT (or both) is not clear; in Acts 1:4f. there is a further reference to the promise 'which you heard from me', but it is hard to decide whether that is meant as a repetition of the present verse or as a reference back to it. If the former interpretation is correct, Luke is thinking of the earlier promises made by Jesus (cf. 12:12 par Mt 10:20; Jn 14:16f.; *et al.*). The OT background is to be found in Joel 2:28f.; cf. Is 32:15; 44:3; Ezk 39:29." Marshall

καθίσατε Verb, aor act imperat, 2 pl καθιζω sit down, stay

Cf. Acts 18:11

πολις, εως f city, town ἐνδυω dress, clothe; midd put on, wear ὑψος, ους n height, heaven

For δυναμιν cf. Acts 1:8.

Verses 50-53

"This account of the departure of Jesus is peculiar to Lk... It anticipates the fuller description of the ascension of Jesus found in Acts 1:1-11. It is probable ... that Acts 1:2 refers back to the present scene... In this way Luke makes the departure of Jesus the climax of the Gospel and the commencement of Acts." Marshall

Verse 50

Έξήγαγεν δὲ αὐτοὺς ἕως πρὸς Βηθανίαν, καὶ ἐπάρας τὰς χεῖρας αὐτοῦ εὐλόγησεν αὐτούς.

ἐξήγαγεν Verb, aor act indic, 3 s ἐξαγω lead or bring out έως up to, as far as

"ἑως with a preposition of place is Lucan (Acts 17:14; 21:5; 26:11; cf. Gn 38:1; Ezk 48:1) and means 'right to the neighbourhood of'."

Marshall

ἐπάρας Verb, aor act ptc, m nom s ἐπαιρω raise, lift up χειρ, χειρος f hand, power εὐλογεω speak well of, bless

Verse 51

καὶ ἐγένετο ἐν τῷ εὐλογεῖν αὐτὸν αὐτοὺς διέστη ἀπ' αὐτῶν [καὶ ἀνεφέρετο εἰς τὸν οὐρανόν].

ἐγένετο Verb, aor midd dep indic, 3 s γινομαι διέστη Verb, aor act indic, 3 s διϊστημι part ἀναφερω lead or take up, take away

The imperfect suggests a gradual departure, as in Acts 1:9f.

The last phrase is omitted by a few MSS.

Verse 52

καὶ αὐτοὶ [προσκυνήσαντες αὐτὸν] ὑπέστρεψαν εἰς Ἰερουσαλὴμ μετὰ χαρᾶς μεγάλης,

προσκυνήσαντες Verb, aor act ptc, m nom pl προσκυνεω worship

"For the first time Luke refers to worship being offered to Jesus... He appears to have deliberately avoided the word until this point, conscious that recognition of the divinity of Jesus by men did not precede the resurrection." Marshall

ύποστρεφω return, turn back χαρα joy

Verse 53

καὶ ἦσαν διὰ παντὸς ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ εὐλογοῦντες τὸν θεόν.

δια παντος continually

Cf. Mt 18:10; Mk 5:5; Acts 2:25; 10:2; 24:16.

ίερον, ου n temple, temple precincts

Cf. Acts 2:46; 3:1; 5:42. "The verse supplies a fitting end to the Gospel with praise addressed to God: is Luke suggesting to his readers that this is the appropriate response for them to this story." Marshall.

A few MSS read αἰνουντες rather than εὐλογουντες. Many MSS, followed by TR, include both verbs, which Metzger says is undobtedly a conflation.